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# Image Password Based Authentication in an Android System

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**Abstract:** *Authentication is one the most important security primitive. Generally authentication performed using textual passwords. Textual passwords are vulnerable to eaves dropping, dictionary attacks, social engineering and shoulder surfing. Graphical passwords are introduced as alternative techniques to textual passwords. Most of the graphical schemes are vulnerable to shoulder surfing. To address this problem, images can be combined with colors to generate session passwords for authentication. This is the most important feature of image password; the password is set through a set of multiple images. Purpose of implementing image password based authentication for an android mobile system is only because of today's market covered by Smartphone, especially android smart phones. So that securing such smart phones is one the major task of today's generation. Alphanumerical passwords are not able to protect Smartphone as compared to graphical password. Here, we propose graphical password authentication system for android mobiles.*

**Keywords—***“Image password, security, authentication, android system, textual password, recognition based system”*

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## I. INTRODUCTION

Authentication is the most important topic in security. Security plays a vital role in protecting resources against unauthorized access. There are numerous ways of authenticating a person. Authentication systems based on text passwords which are widely used but they can be easily crack and also difficult to remember. Image based authentication system is less vulnerable to attacks. The most common method used for authentication is text password that is the combination of letters and sting of characters. This kind of password is hard to guess, and then it is often hard to remember. Users have difficulty remembering a password that is long and random appearing. So, they create short, simple, and insecure passwords that are susceptible to attack. Textual-based password authentication scheme tend to be more vulnerable to attacks such as shoulder-surfing, hidden camera, spyware attacks and key-loggers. Features of image password include style dependent image selection, password reuse, and embedded salting, which overcome a number of problems with knowledge-based authentication for hand held devices. The trend toward a highly mobile workforce has spurred the acquisition of handheld devices such as Personal Digital Assistance at an ever-increasing rate. Here we introduces and proposes a system that is an android app which provides set of images as password for authentication in an android system. Android is an operating system which is specially designed for mobiles.

Android is a powerful Operating System supporting a large number of applications in Smart Phones. These applications make life of human beings more comfortable and advanced for, so that securing such Smartphone which consists of number applications is one of the major tasks. To complete this task a special mechanism proposed for setting password using set of images for an android Smartphone, so that it will be too hard for the eaves dropper to attack this Smartphone and the mechanism is image password based authentication.

## II. RELATED WORK

### 1. Why image password for an android?

Android is a mobile operating system that is based on a modified version of Linux. Moreover, vendors (typically hardware manufacturers) can add their own proprietary extensions to Android and customize Android to differentiate their products from others. This simple development model makes Android very attractive. Android mobiles has many advantages, they covered large area of mobile market and used by peoples. Android phones can run many applications; it means you can browse, Facebook while listened to the song, easy access to thousands of applications via the Google Android App Market. When you love to install applications or games, through Google's Android App Market, again can download applications for free. If you are a loyal user of Google services ranging from Gmail to Google Reader, Android phone has integrated with Google services, so you can quickly check e-mail from Gmail. Maintaining security of such highly customized android phones is necessity. Generally phones that uses different password schemes through multiple patterns and textual format that may be easily hacked or prone to get accessed by unauthorized person. A graphical password is easier to remember than a text based password, an image as a password may offer better security than a text based password because many people in an attempt to memorize text based passwords, use plain words (rather than recommended jumble of characters).

### 2. Authentication

Authentication ensures that system's resources are not obtained fraudulently by illegal users. Password authentication is one of the simplest and the most convenient authentication mechanisms over insecure networks. Authentication methods can be divided into three main areas:

- Token based authentication
- Biometric based authentication
- Knowledge based authentication

Token based techniques, such as key cards, bank cards and smart cards are widely used. Biometric based authentication techniques, such as fingerprints, iris scan, or facial recognition, are not yet widely adopted. Knowledge based techniques are the most widely used authentication techniques and include both text-based and picture-based passwords. It is divided into:

- a) Recognition-based graphical techniques
- b) Recall-based graphical techniques

Using recognition-based techniques, a user is presented with a set of images and the user passes the authentication by recognizing and identifying the images he or she selected during the registration stage. Using recall-based techniques, a user is asked to reproduce something that he or she created or selected earlier during the registration stage based which is quite difficult. Recognition techniques are best techniques and provide much more advantage over re call based techniques. It reduces the overhead of remembering password. So that in our application we also make use of recognition based graphical technique.

### 3. Existing system

Types of recognition based technique are as follows:

- i) Dhamija and Perrig : proposed a graphical authentication scheme based on the Hash Page Layout Visualization Technique. In the system developed by them the user is asked to select a certain number of images from a set of random pictures which are generated by some program. Later, the user will be required to identify the preselected images in order to be authenticated. The results showed that 90% of all participants succeeded in the authentication using this technique, while only 70% succeeded using text based passwords. A weakness is that the server needs to store the seeds of the portfolio images of each user in plain text. Also, it can be tedious and time consuming.

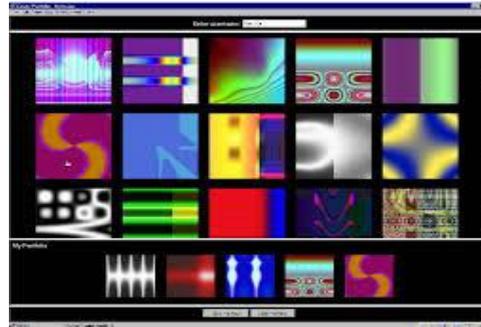


Figure 1: Random images used by Dhamija and Perrig

ii) Passface : This method is developed in 2000. In this human faces used as a password. Where user is presented with set of human faces and user have to select on face images pre-selected in registration for several such rounds. Drawbacks of this scheme are the probability of a guessing attack is high with few authentication rounds easily guessable. And passface scheme is vulnerable to shoulder surfing attacks.



Figure 2: Example of Pass faces

### III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

We introduce the system that is an android app which provides the set of images from where the users have to select any 3 images as password and also provide username. The set of images provided through the system will be common to all the users who will use this application. Through this system user will be able to set password for their applications of android mobile and whenever user wants to open these locked apps, he/she has to enter graphical password that they have selected only. Phases of system are as follows.

#### A) Registration :

In the registration phase, user has to set the username as Login-id.If the user is using the system or app for the first time then he/she has to set the series of images as a password by clicking on set password button. Once the user proceeds towards the password selection, the application provides the subset of images in three stages namely: stage1, stage2, stage3.Three images selected by user from any of these stages will be stored as password. The next time whenever the user signs in to the Application he/she has to type series of images as password, if the password is incorrect, the user cannot login into the Application.



Figure 3: Create username and password

First select username and then click set password to choose image password from given set of images.

B) Password selection :

For password selection there will be three stages are provided. Each stage covered with particular set of images and user will be able to select any of the three images from these three stages.

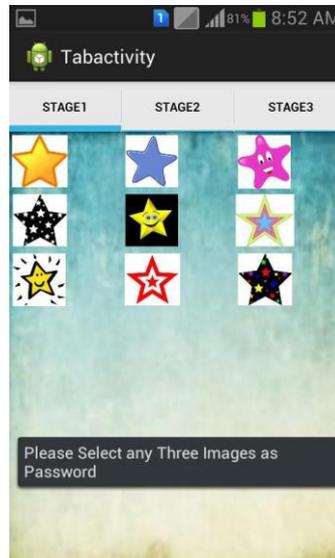


Figure 4: image selection from Stage1



Figure 5: image selection from stage 2

After selection of password, the last stage provides submit button to submit selected username and password. Then user will successfully login into the account and will be able to choose different apps for locking.



Figure 6: Submit selected username and password

C) Add account :

This is the next activity appears after successful login of a user. This is the phase in which user selects the personalized applications provided in the list and fetched from mobile itself. A checklist is provided in the 'Add Accounts' activity, user has to check the apps which he/she wish to locked through this system or application. Once it is done user will access apps by clicking on them and entering the graphical password



Figure 7: App selection for locking

Going through all these phases or steps users will be able to create their account in system using password and username. Whenever user will wants open the apps through their android mobile which has been locked using this system, then user has to enter the graphical password to open these apps.

#### IV. CONCLUSION

Password based authentication is a very ancient technique to secure the data. Generally textual passwords or alphanumeric passwords referred to protect the data. In 1996, the scientist known as Greg blonder introduces graphical password technique for securing data from unauthorized users. Text-based passwords are inherently insecure as they are subject to a trade off between usability and security. As graphical passwords provide high security than textual password but unfortunately there is no system yet developed which provides graphical password based authentication. On carrying out taxonomy of relevant issues we found that image based password proves to be efficient and easy to handle. We introduced the system which is an android application which secures users personalized apps and their related information. The main perspective of system is using multiple images as a password. This satisfies user's requirements where authentication is primary concern.

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